



CZ-AT WINTER-SUMMER SCHOOL 2020 INTRODUCTION TO "ENERGY SYSTEMS" Reinhard Haas Amela Ajanovic Energy Economics Group (EEG), TU Wien







- **1. Motivation: Energy problems**
- 2. Basic principle: Providing energy services not consumption of energy !
- 3. Energy chains and energy systems
- 4. Dynamics: Why history is important
- **5. Visions of future energy systems**



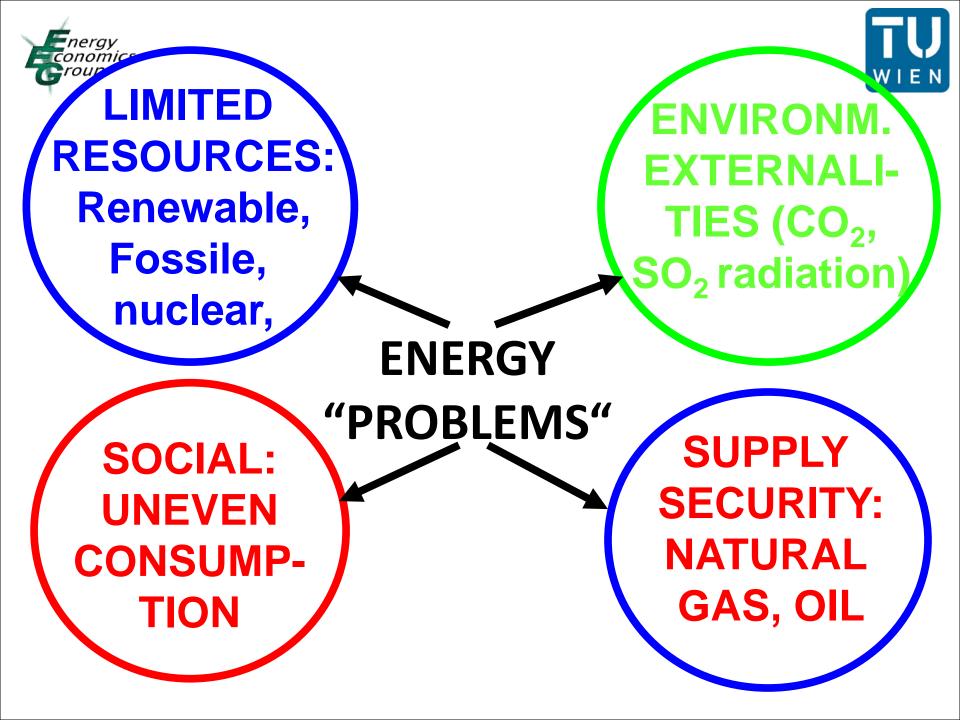
1. Motivation

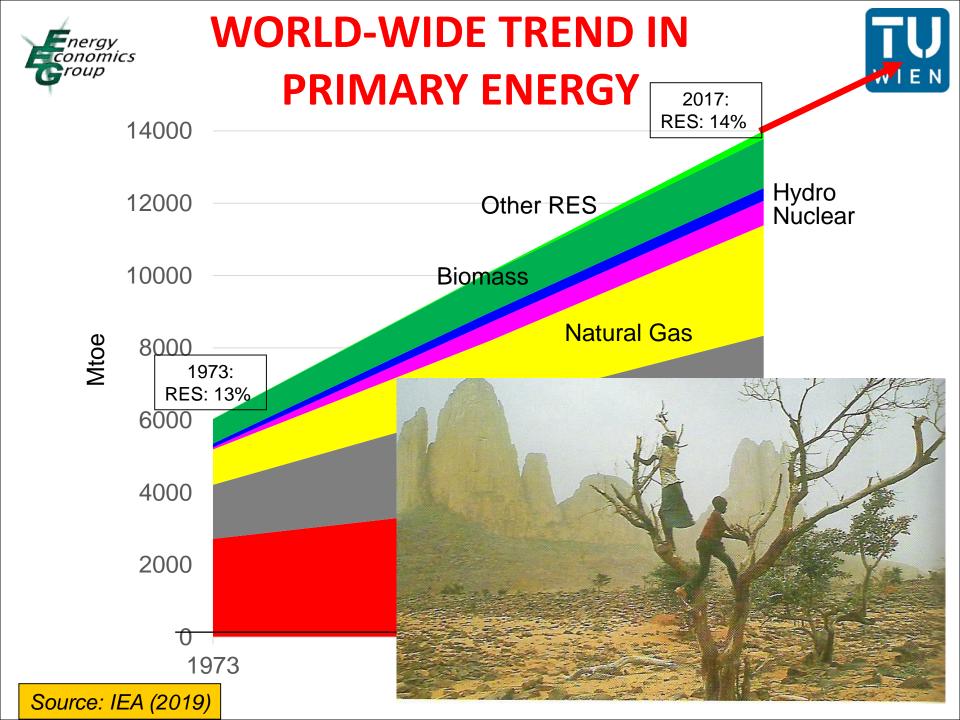


Why are we here today?

- Energy is the fundament of our standard of life today
 Every second of our life even in deep sleep we "consume" energy
- Dramatic increase in energy consumption in recent years!
 Dramatic increase in electricity consumption in the next decades expected!









The Key Energy Challenges









Climate Change





Energy Security

Air Pollution Health Impacts



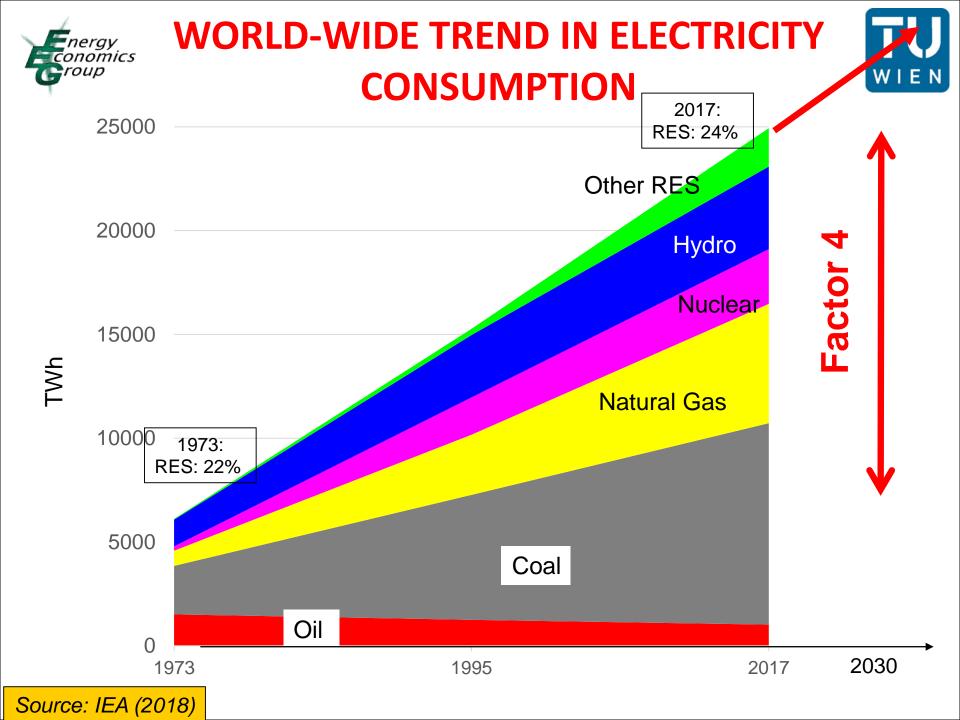
Wood for Cooking

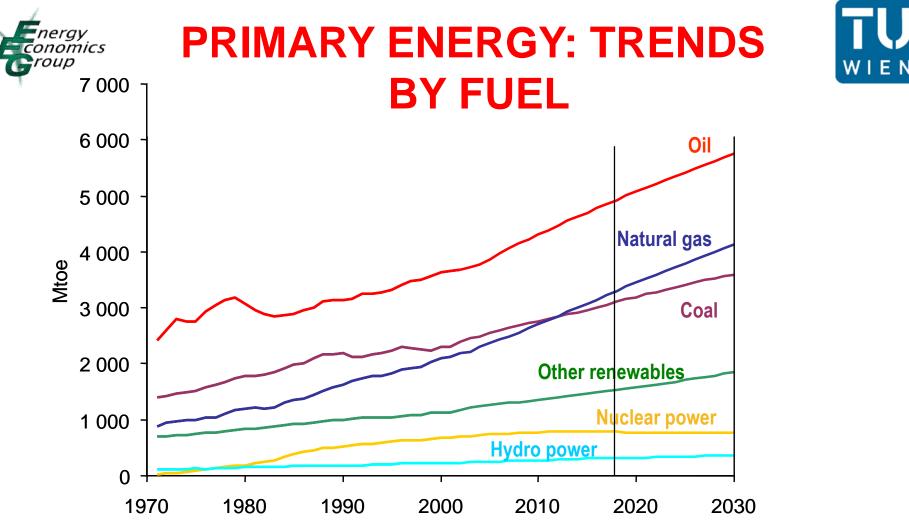


Source: Modi, 2011 and Yumkella, 2013



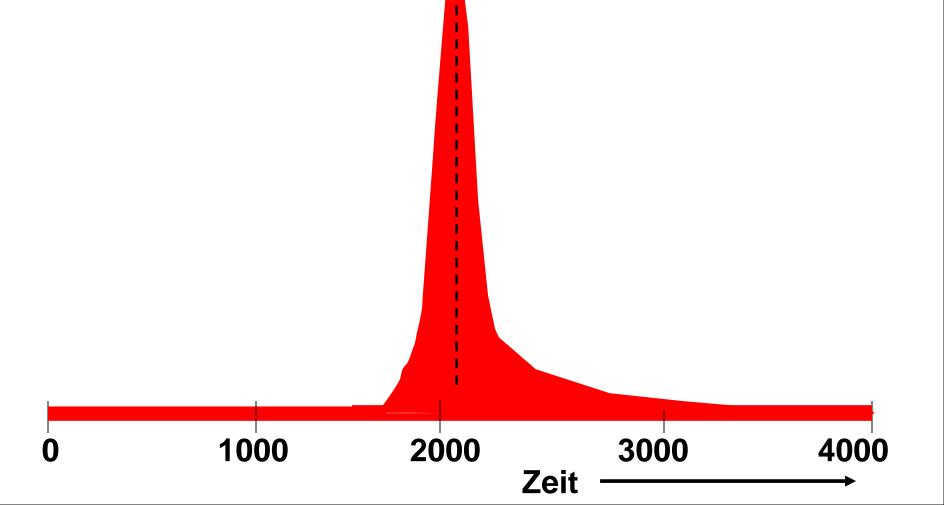






IEA: Fossil fuels will continue to dominate the global energy mix, while oil remains the leading fuel!

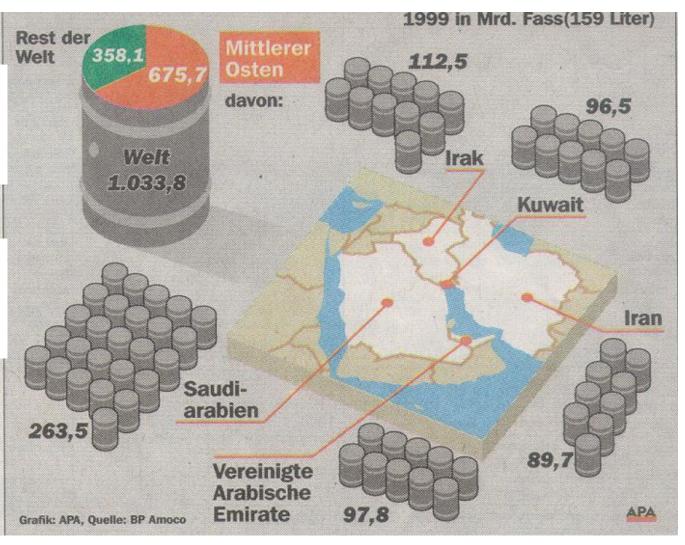




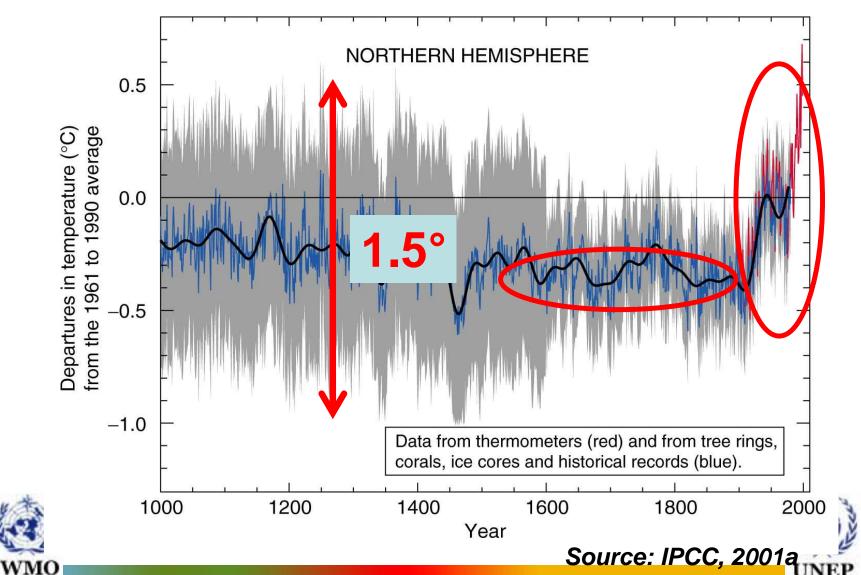


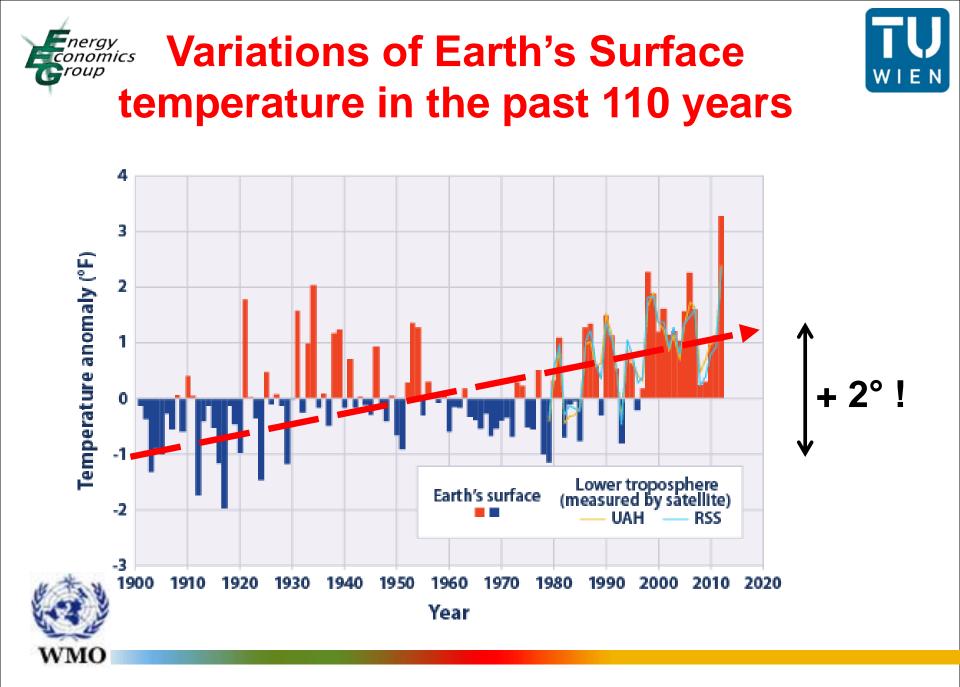
Middle East: 2/3

Rest of world: 1/3



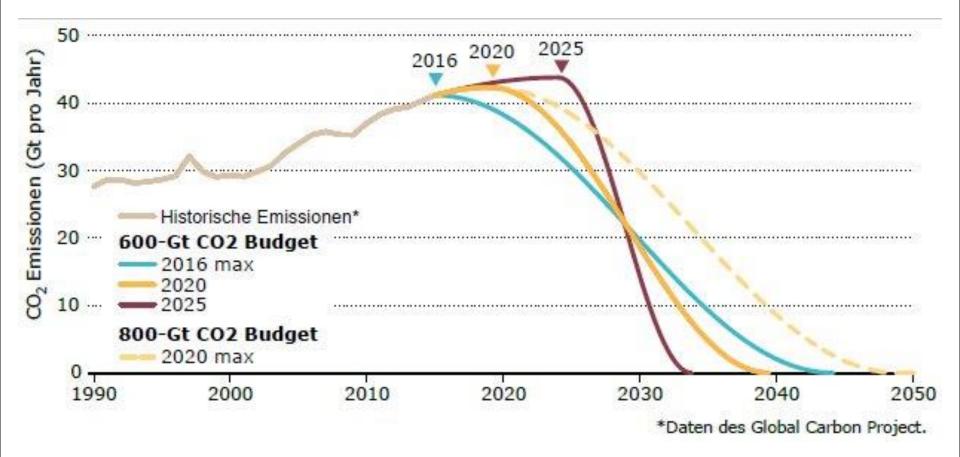
Surface temperature in the past 1000 years









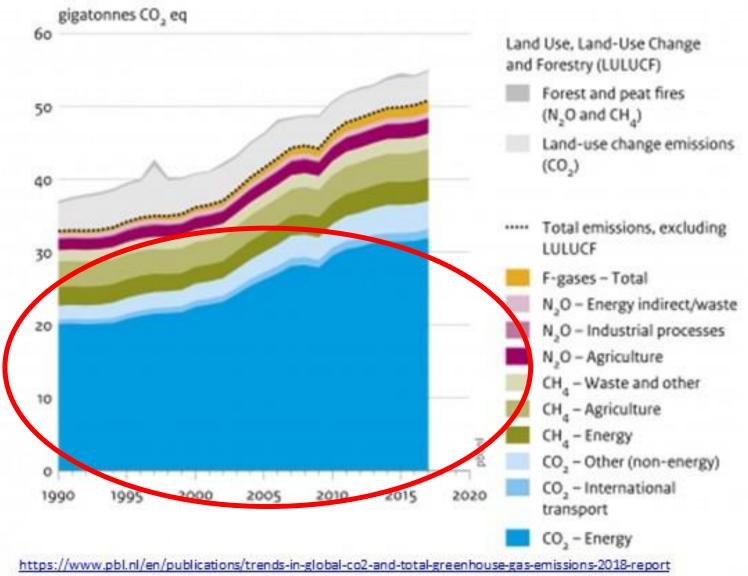


energy conomics ^{rou,} Global CO₂ emissions by world region, 1751 to 2015 Annual carbon dioxide emissions in billion tonnes (Gt). Our World Ε in Data 36.18 billion tonnes in 2015 36 36.17 billion tonnes in 2014 International aviation and maritime transport 34 Africa 32 Asia and Pacific 30 emissions in billion tonnes (other) 28 Middle East 26 Americas (other) 24 22.3 billion tonnes in 1990 22 Europe (other) 20 India 18 16 14.9 billion tonnes in 1970 China 14

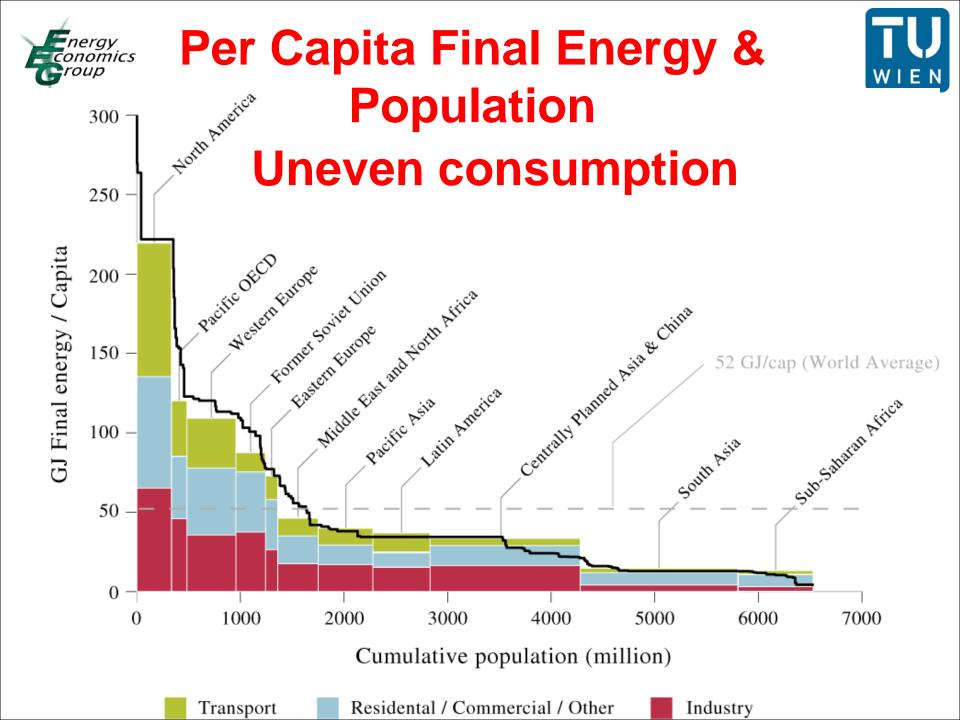
1760 1770 1780 1790 1800 1810 1820 1830 1840 1850 1860 1870 1880 1890 1900 1910 1920 1930 1940 1950 1960 1970 1980 1990 2000 2010

Data source: Carbon Dioxide Information Analysis Center (CDIAC); aggregation by world region by Our World In Data. The interactive data visualization is available at OurWorldinData.org. There you find the raw data and more visualizations on this topic.

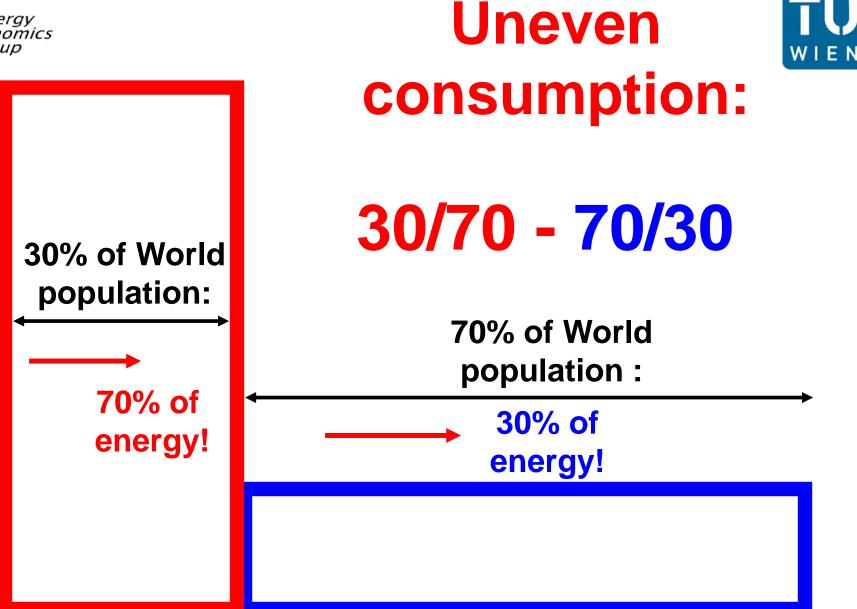
Global greenhouse gas emissions, per type of gas and source, including LULUCF



Source: EDGAR v5.0/v4.3.2 FT 2017 (EC-JRC/PBL, 2018); Houghton and Nassikas (2017)

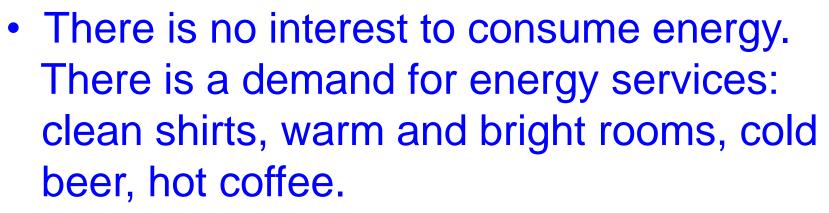








2. The basic concept of providing energy services



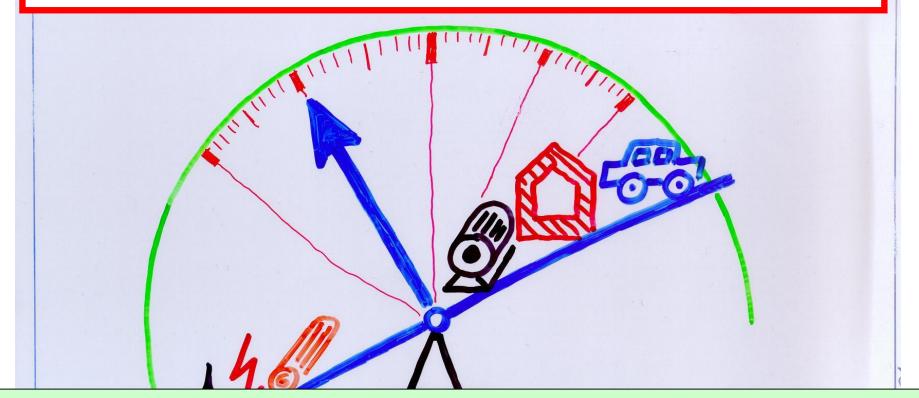
- Inputs: Energy, Technology, human capital, environment
- Energy services are produced :

 $S = E \eta (T)$





Service = Energy x Technology !



• But currently the balance is biased tremendously: To much energy, far to less technical efficiency!



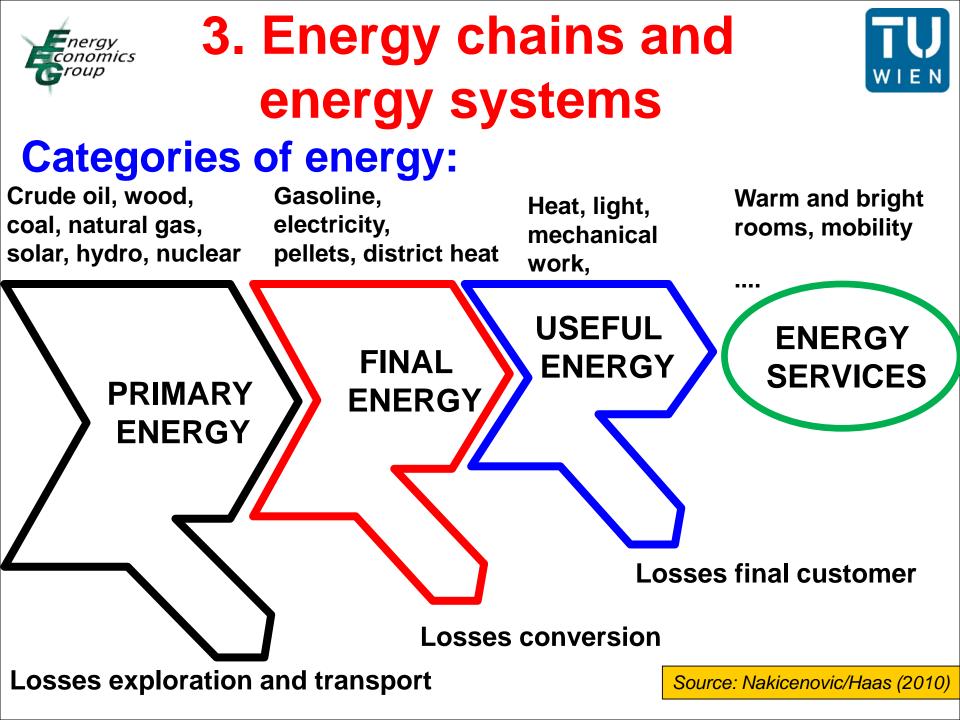


Direct energy services:

- Lighting
- Heating, cooking
- Mobility, Transport

Indirect energy services:

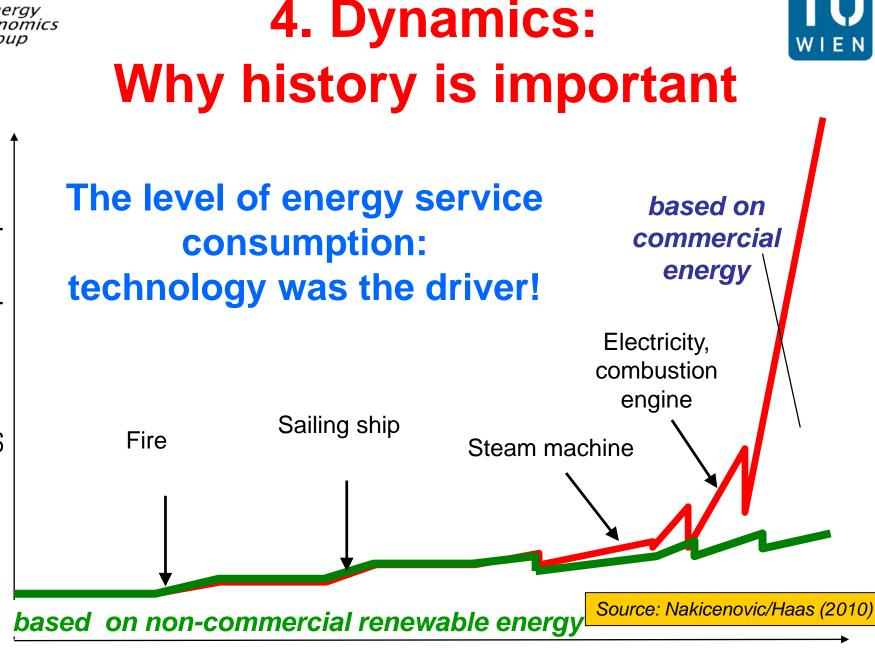
- Food
- Shoes, Shirts
- Communication
- What you can buy in a super market!





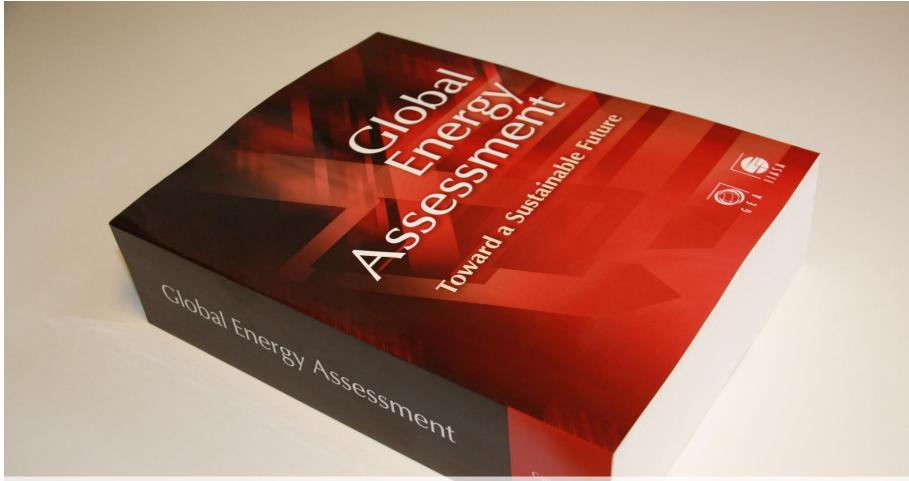


time

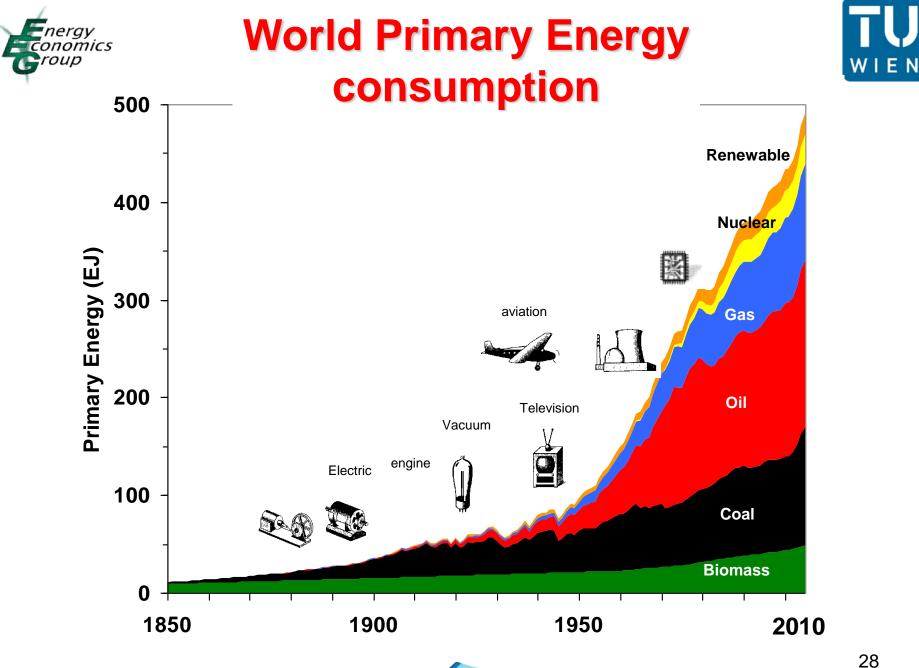


www.GlobalEnergyAssessment.org



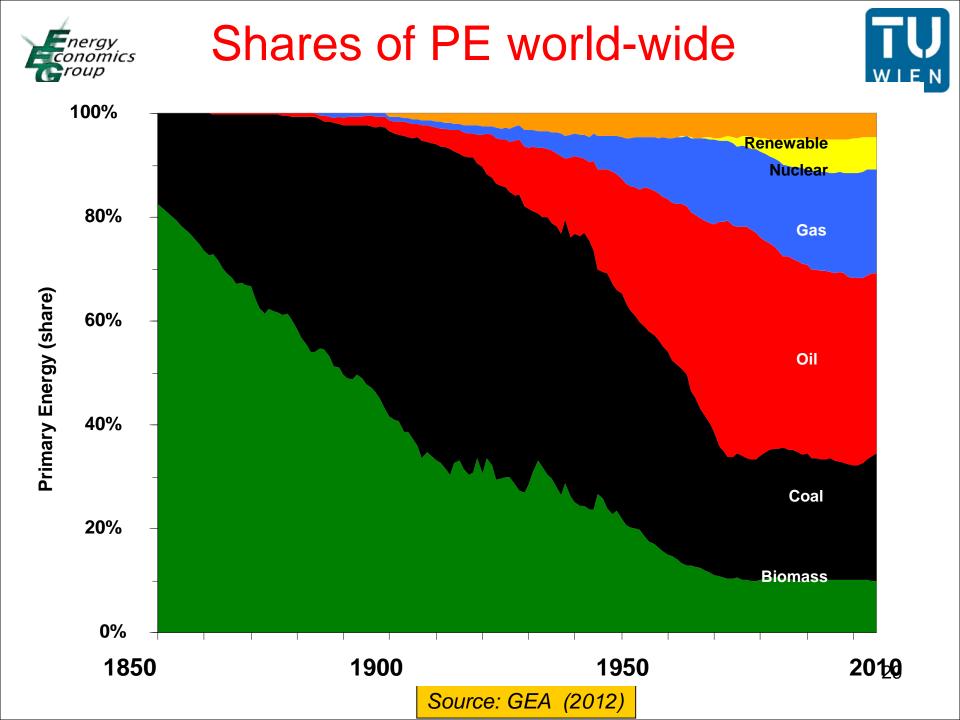


Total Effort: 300 Authors; 200 Reviewers
 > 6 years >> 6m € and >> 100 p-years





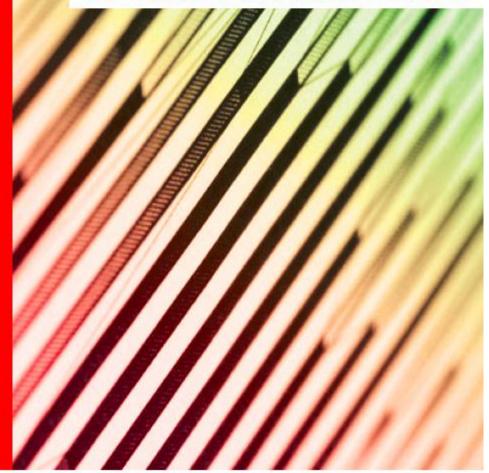
Source: GEA (2012)





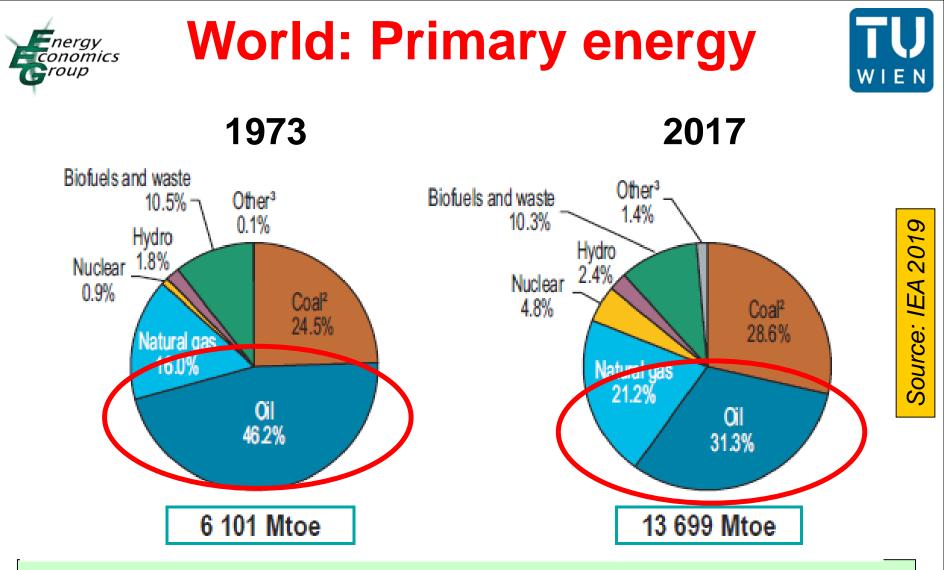
Key world energy statistics

Also available on smartphones and tablets

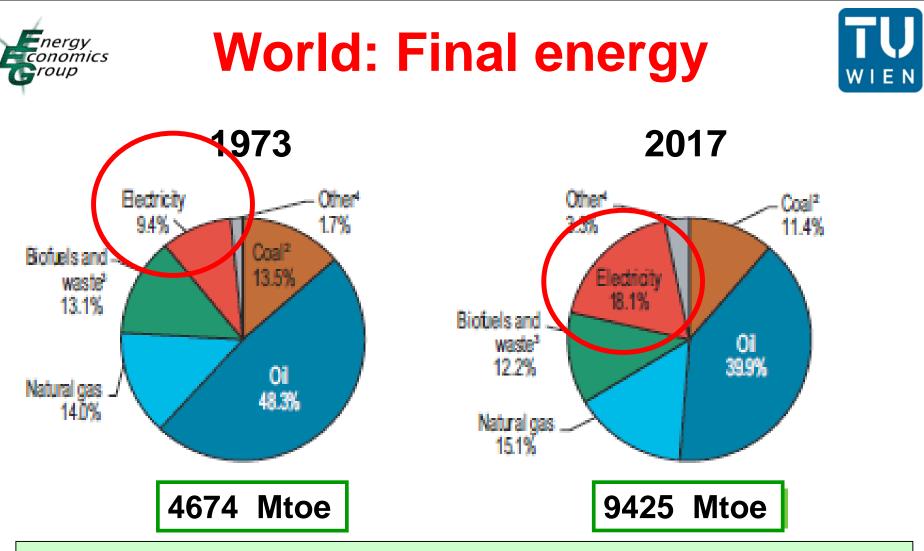




2017



- Total primary energy demand more than doubled between 1973 and 2017;
- Oil down (more than -30%!), Gas up, Coal up!⁸¹



- The share of electricity increases continuously: In 2017 twice of 1973
- Share of oil decreased from 48% to 40%

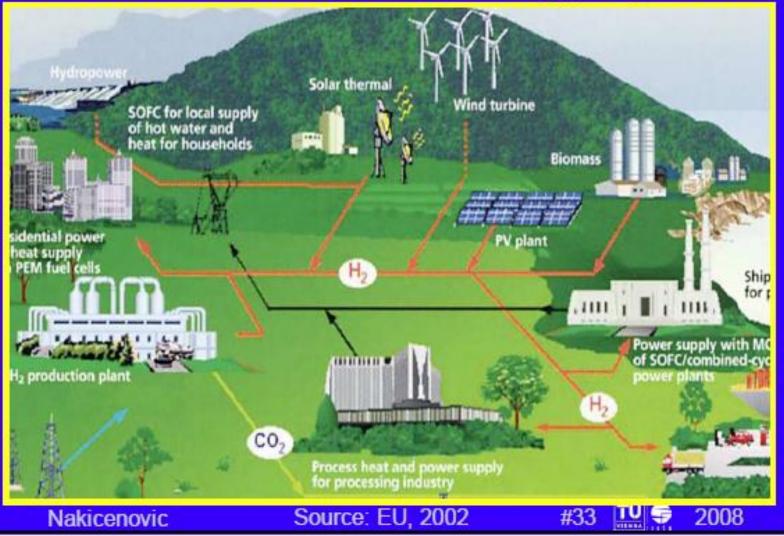
** Other includes Solar, Geothermal, Wind

Source: IEA 2019

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5. VISIONS OF FUTURE ENERGY SYSTEMS tem

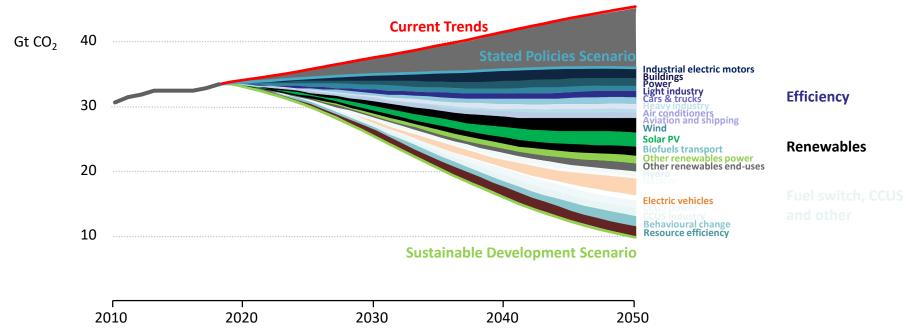






No single or simple solutions to reach sustainable energy goals

Energy-related CO₂ emissions and reductions in the Sustainable Development Scenario by source



A host of policies and technologies will be needed across every sector to keep climate targets within reach, and further technology innovation will be essential to aid the pursuit of a 1.5°C stabilisation





FOR FURTHER INFORMATION:

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